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PATENT APPLICATION
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Debutante

THIN SERVER WITH PRINTER MANAGEMENT

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THIN SERVER WITH PRINTER MANAGEMENT

TECHNICAL FIELD

This invention generally relates to network printer management, and, more
5 particularly, to network printer management using a thin server.

BACKGROUND

Computer networks provide computer users with a means of
communicating and transferring information electronically. Although such
10 communication may be a simple transfer of information between two users at
separate computers, it often involves several network computers which cooperate
to share workloads in performing various functions. This cooperation, called
distributed processing, allows hardware and software to communicate, share
resources, and exchange information freely. The functionality a network provides
15 through distributed processing depends on network devices such as general
purpose network servers and thin servers.

Typically, a general purpose network server is a computer running
administrative software that controls access to all or part of the network and
network resources. As illustrated in **Fig. 1**, the network server provides network
20 users with the ability to share files, programs, and printing capabilities with other
computers on the network. By contrast, a thin server is a computer that contains
just enough hardware and software to support a particular function that users can
share on the network, such as access to files on a storage device, access to CD-
ROM drives, printing, or Internet access. An example of such a thin server is
25 illustrated in the network of **Fig. 2**. The thin server concept arises out of a desire

to not pay for functions in a computer that are unnecessary. Thus, a thin server is specially designed to perform certain aspects of a general purpose network server's functionality and not to provide other aspects of that functionality. In general, a thin server provides a subset of the functionality offered by a general purpose network server. A thin server design is optimized to deliver only the capabilities for which it is designed without including unnecessary software or hardware features related to other general purpose network servers, thus providing a lower cost solution.

The thin server advantages of dedicated functionality and cost savings make the task of network printing an ideal application for thin servers. The thin print server shown in **Fig. 2** is dedicated to the task of network printing, and it provides cost benefits due in part to its small, lightweight form which makes it easy to move and locate practically anywhere on the network. Many networks therefore employ a dedicated thin print server which coordinates the printing for all the printers on the network. The Hewlett Packard JetDirect 4000 Print Appliance is one example of such a thin server. The JetDirect 4000 Print Appliance provides print spooling and queue management without providing any other capabilities normally provided by a general purpose network server. The device is called an "appliance" because it performs this particular task with a minimal amount of configuration requirements and can be added to or removed from a network without affecting any other servers on the network.

Although a thin print server performs specific functions for users of network printers more efficiently than a general network server might, it does not initially provide, or later maintain, the availability of the network printers on the network. Network administrators make network printers and other network

resources available to users in a consistent and reliable fashion by installing, managing, and monitoring them to ensure their readiness and accessibility. These administrative tasks are typically accomplished using administrative software installed on a general network server. Both **Figs. 1 & 2** illustrate network printer administration functions being accomplished through print administrative software that has been installed on a general network server. An example of such a software product is Hewlett Packard's Web JetAdmin, which is installed on a general purpose network server and allows network administrators to perform many tasks associated with managing and monitoring network printers. Using a browser, network administrators can manage printers on the network from any network computer, not just the computer on which the Web JetAdmin software is installed. Web JetAdmin presents a summarized view of all network printers to a network administrator, and allows administrators to create and maintain shared network printers through discovering, installing, configuring, grouping, troubleshooting, assigning printer drivers to, and creating print paths for, network printers.

The current network printing environment therefore typically comprises the separate use of thin print servers to coordinate printing (i.e., provide print spooling and queue management) among all shared network printers, and print administrative software running on general purpose network servers or other dedicated computers to create and maintain shared network printers to ensure their readiness and accessibility for network users. Although network printing has in general been simplified and improved through this manner of network printer management, numerous disadvantages remain using this approach.

general purpose server or computer strictly for the purpose of acting as a print server and network print administrator. This alternative also requires finding room in which to place the added server or computer and increases the cost for energy to keep it running continuously. In addition, should the server or computer go down, it would need to be replaced and reconfigured before users are able to print again. These tasks require significant additional intervention by the network administrator.

Accordingly, the need exists for a cost effective way to provide general management of network printers and accomplish the tasks of a thin print server in coordinating network printer functions, while avoiding disadvantages suffered by current approaches.

SUMMARY

A single network appliance combines thin print server functionality with the functionality of network printer administration. The simple rack-mountable appliance has pre-installed software and acts as both a print server and print administrator on a network. The appliance performs as a typical thin print server, such as the Hewlett Packard JetDirect 4000 Print Appliance, and is accessed and managed from any remote computer running a web browser. As a thin print server, the appliance receives and stores client print jobs in a queue and then forwards the print jobs on to network printers once the printers are available. In addition, the appliance offers other typical print server features such as queue management, job logs, printer setup, and storage of files for later printing, which facilitate the simple and efficient sharing of network printers. Using the single appliance as a print server instead of using a dedicated general purpose server or workstation, reduces the work load on system resources and increases printing performance on a network. In addition to providing thin print server functionality, the single appliance provides printer administration capabilities typically furnished by a general purpose network server installed with print administration software. Hewlett Packard's Web JetAdmin is an example of print administration software commonly installed on a general purpose network server which allows network administrators to perform many tasks associated with managing and monitoring network printers. The single network appliance has pre-installed print administration software which provides a view of all network printers and allows network administrators to create and maintain shared network printers through discovering, installing, configuring, grouping, troubleshooting, assigning printer drivers to, and creating print paths for, network printers. Thus, the single network

appliance is a thin server with printer management capabilities that is easily plugged into a network to provide a comprehensive solution to the challenges faced when printing and administering printers in a network environment.

5 **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

Fig. 1 illustrates a prior art computer network where a general purpose network server performs file server functions, network printer administration functions, and typical print server functions.

10 **Fig. 2** illustrates a prior art computer network where a general purpose network server performs network printer administration functions while a dedicated thin server performs typical print server functions.

Fig. 3 illustrates a prior art computer network where a separate general purpose network server or computer is dedicated to perform both network printer administration functions and typical print server functions.

15 **Fig. 4** illustrates an exemplary network architecture in which a network print appliance may be implemented.

Fig. 5 illustrates an example of a suitable computing environment in which a network print appliance may be implemented.

20 **Fig. 6** illustrates an exemplary network print appliance having processors, system memory, and a bus that couples various system components.

Fig. 7 is a flow diagram illustrating the general operation of an exemplary network print appliance.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Exemplary Computing Environment

Fig. 4 illustrates an exemplary network architecture **400** in which a network print appliance **402** may be implemented. The network architecture **400** permits users at various client computing devices **404** to access printing services via a network **406**, such as an intranet. The exemplary network architecture **400** for implementing the network print appliance **402** includes general purpose computing devices **404** such as desktop, laptop, palmtop, Macintosh and workstation computers, one or more general purpose network file servers **408**, and various printing devices **410**, operating in a networked environment using logical connections to one another. The network print appliance **402** is not limited to implementation in a particular network environment, and can be implemented using various networks including an intranet, the Internet, a wide area network (WAN), and a local area network (LAN).

Fig. 5 illustrates an example of a suitable computing environment in which a network print appliance **402** may be implemented. The computer **404** may be a network device such as a server or database, or any type of general purpose computing device **404** as mentioned above, having a communications link to a network **406** as in the exemplary network architecture **400** of **Fig. 4**.

As shown in **Fig. 5**, computer **404** includes one or more processors or processing units **502**, a system memory **504**, and a bus **506** that couples various system components including the system memory **504** to processor(s) **502**. Bus **506** represents one or more of any of several types of bus structures, including a memory bus or memory controller, a peripheral bus, an accelerated graphics port, and a processor or local bus using any of a variety of bus architectures.

The system memory includes read only memory (ROM) **508** and random access memory (RAM) **510**. A basic input/output system (BIOS) **512**, containing the basic routines that help to transfer information between elements within computer **404**, such as during start-up, is stored in ROM **508**.

Computer **404** further includes a hard disk drive **514** for reading from and writing to a hard disk, not shown, a magnetic disk drive **516** for reading from and writing to a removable magnetic disk **518**, and an optical disk drive **520** for reading from and writing to a removable optical disk **522** such as a CD ROM, DVD ROM or other optical media. The hard disk drive **514**, magnetic disk drive **516** and optical disk drive **520** are each connected to bus **506** by one or more interfaces **524**.

The drives and their associated computer-readable media provide nonvolatile storage of computer readable instructions, data structures, program modules and other data for computer **404**. Although the exemplary environment described herein employs a hard disk, a removable magnetic disk **518** and a removable optical disk **522**, it should be appreciated by those skilled in the art that other types of computer readable media which can store data that is accessible by a computer, such as magnetic cassettes, flash memory cards, digital video disks, random access memories (RAM), read only memories (ROM), and the like, may also be used in the exemplary operating environment.

A number of program modules may be stored on the hard disk, magnetic disk **518**, optical disk **522**, ROM **508**, or RAM **510**, including an operating system **526**, one or more application programs **528** (such as a Web browser), other program modules **530**, and program data **532**. A user may enter commands and information into computer **404** through input devices such as keyboard **534** and

pointing device **536**. Other input devices (not shown) may include a microphone, joystick, game pad, satellite dish, scanner, or the like. These and other input devices are connected to the processing unit **502** through an interface **538** that is coupled to bus **506**.

5 A monitor **540** or other type of display device is also connected to bus **506** via an interface, such as a video adapter **542**. In addition to the monitor, personal computers typically include other peripheral output devices (not shown) such as speakers and printers.

10 Computer **404** can operate in a networked environment, such as that shown in **Fig. 4**, using logical connections to one or more remote computers. Remote computers may include a Web server **544** which typically comprises many or all of the elements described above relative to computer **404**. In addition, a Web database **546** may be connected to the Web server **544**.

15 A logical connection that is not depicted in **Fig. 5** is a local area network (LAN) via network interface **548** and a general wide area network (WAN) via a modem **550**. Such networking environments are commonplace in offices, enterprise-wide computer networks, intranets, and the Internet.

20 Depicted in **Fig. 5**, is a specific implementation of a WAN via the Internet. Computer **404** typically includes a modem **550** or other means for establishing communications over the Internet **552**. Modem **550**, which may be internal or external, is connected to bus **506** via interface **554**.

 In a networked environment, program modules depicted relative to the computer **404**, or portions thereof, may be stored in a remote memory storage device. It will be appreciated that the network connections shown and described

are exemplary and other means of establishing a communications link between the computers may be used.

Exemplary Implementation of a Network Print Appliance

5 The network print appliance **402** operating in the exemplary network architecture **400** of **Fig. 4** includes many of the elements described above relative to computer **404** in **Fig. 5**. However, as a thin server, the network print appliance **402** is optimized to deliver only the capabilities for which it is designed, without including unnecessary software or hardware features related to other general
10 purpose network servers or computers. For example, the network print appliance **402** is designed to be accessed, managed, and utilized from remote locations only, such as from a remote computer **404** or remote server **408**, and therefore provides no physical user interface. Thus, elements described above pertaining to computer **404** that are typically not a part of the appliance **402** include various input devices,
15 such as the keyboard **534**, pointing device **536**, microphone, joystick, game pad, satellite dish, scanner, and the like. Other elements described above pertaining to computer **404** which are not typically a part of the network print appliance **402** include the display device and other peripheral output devices such as speakers.

 The network print appliance **402** is a thin server dedicated to the specific
20 tasks of print serving and network printer administration. An exemplary network print appliance **402**, as illustrated in **Fig. 6**, includes one or more processors or processing units **602**, a system memory **604**, a network interface **605** such as a network interface card providing full-time connection to the network **406**, and a bus **606** that couples various system components including the system memory
25 **604** to processor(s) **602**. The system memory **604** includes read only memory

(ROM) 608 and random access memory (RAM) 610. A basic input/output system (BIOS) 612, containing the basic routines that help to transfer information between elements within the appliance 402, such as during start-up, is stored in ROM 608. The network print appliance 402 typically includes additional
5 computer-readable media 622, such as magnetic disks, optical disks, magnetic cassettes, flash memory cards, and the like, for spooling print jobs and storing other data.

As illustrated in Fig. 6, the exemplary network print appliance 402 has a number of program modules stored in the system memory 604, including an
10 operating system 614, a user interface module 615, a printer serving module 616, and a printer administration module 618. The user interface module 615 facilitates remote browser based user management of the network print appliance 402, including the initiation and operation of the printer serving module 616 and printer administration module 618 on the appliance 402. All the program modules are
15 pre-installed on the appliance 402, which facilitates deployment of the network appliance 402 as a single, stand-alone hardware appliance. The typical problem of having to deploy both software and hardware on a network to achieve network printer administration and print serving is thus eliminated.

In addition, pre-installation of the printer administration module 618 on the
20 network print appliance 402 means the printer administration module 618 only needs to support the operating system 614 required by the network print appliance 402 itself. Typical printer administration software products must support many versions of many operating systems to ensure that they will be supported by the particular operating system available on the network operating environment in
25 which they are ultimately installed. Since the printer administration software

module **618** is pre-installed onto the network print appliance **402**, whose operating system **614** is known at the time of the installation, the complexity of the printer administration software module **618** is reduced in comparison to typical printer administration software products. Furthermore, pre-installation of the printer administration module **618** on the appliance **402**, reduces both the risk of general network server downtime and the security risk of creating a “back door” into the general network server associated with installing print administrative software on a general network server. Pre-installation of the printer administration module **618** on the appliance **402** also eliminates the network administrator’s tasks of network server load balancing and configuring printer administration software to match a particular network. The printer administration module **618** comes pre-configured on the network print appliance **402**.

The printer administration module **618** executes on processor(s) **602** to provide general administration of the print devices **410** connected to the network **406**, as illustrated in **Fig. 4**. Network administrators access and manage the print appliance **402** through the user interface module **615** using network computers **404** or servers **408** running Web browsers. In general, the printer administration module **618** executes on processor(s) **602** permitting the creation of shared network print objects **620** from the print devices **410** connected to the network **406**. Creating a shared network print object **620** creates a network share name for a printer device **410** which becomes visible to users of remote client computers **404**, thus making the printer device **410** a choice for where the user can have documents printed. Each of the shared network print objects **620** represents a print queue in which print jobs are managed for printing. Typically, printer administration software products provide the ability to create shared network print

objects on any general-purpose network file server **408** or computer **404** on the network. This includes creating shared network print objects on servers other than the one on which the printer administration software is installed. In the exemplary network print appliance **402**, the printer administration module **618** prohibits the
5 creation of shared network print objects on any network server or computer except for the network print appliance **402** itself. Limiting the creation of shared network print objects **620** to the network print appliance **402** alone, is a feature which provides network administrators with better control over the creation of and access to all network resources.

10 The printer administration module **618** executes to perform additional tasks which facilitate the creation and management of shared network print objects **620** on the network print appliance **402**. These tasks include discovering print devices **410** connected to the network **406**. A network administrator can access the appliance **402** from a network computer **404**, and, through execution of the printer
15 administration module **618**, can discover print devices **410** that are connected to the network **406**. The administrator can then determine which print devices **410** should be shared over the network **406**, and create shared network print objects **620** on the network print appliance **402**. Additional related tasks performed through execution of the printer administration module **618** include installing,
20 configuring, monitoring, troubleshooting, and grouping printers. Shared network print objects **620** can be defined in groups on the network print appliance **402** to facilitate the use and maintenance of the network print devices **410** they represent. For example, shared network print objects **620** might be grouped based on the physical or geographical location of network print devices **410**, or they might be
25 grouped based on the administrator who is responsible to maintain the paper

quantities, toner levels, and general functionality of the network print devices **410**. The printer administration module **618** also allows the network administrator to assign printer drivers and establish print paths for network printers **410**.

In general, the printer administration module **618** might be any one of a number of commercially available printer administration software products that is, (1) modified to support only the operating system **614** on the network print appliance **402**; (2) modified to create shared network print objects **620** only on the network print appliance **402** itself, and not on any general purpose network server **408** or computer **404**; and (3) pre-installed on the network print appliance **402**, and not installed on a general network server **408** or computer **404** as discussed above. Thus, an example of a preferred implementation of the printer administration module **618** includes a modified version of Hewlett Packard's Web JetAdmin software product, pre-installed on the network print appliance **402**.

The printer serving module **616** executes on processor(s) **602** to provide thin print server functionality to the network print appliance **402** in a network environment **400** such as that illustrated in **Fig. 4**. As a thin print server, the network print appliance **402** provides print spooling and queue management independent of the general network server **408**. Print spooling includes receiving print jobs from network computers **404**, processing the print jobs, scheduling the print jobs for printing, and routing the print jobs from the network print appliance **402** to one or more network print devices **410** which have been created as shared network print objects **620** on the network print appliance **402** by the printer administration module **618**. Print spooling automates the background printing for network computers **404** by quickly releasing the computers after receiving a print

job and by sending print data to shared network print devices **410** only when they are ready to receive it.

In addition to print spooling, the printer serving module **616** executing on the network print appliance **402** provides management of print queues. A print queue is a series of print jobs waiting to be sent to a printing device **410**. The printer serving module **616** executing on the network print appliance **402** provides typical queue management features, such as the ability to manage multiple queues both for the same printer or different printers. The network print appliance **402** may additionally have different queues for an individual shared network print device **410**, which permits associating specific printer options for each queue. For example, different queues for the same printer may be set to provide different print resolutions. Other features may include providing different types of queues. These may include active queues, where jobs print when the printer is available, hold queues, where jobs print when an administrator releases them, completed queues, where printed jobs are stored for later reprinting, and error queues, for jobs that cannot print for any reason.

Generally, the printer server module **616** might be any one of a number of commercially available thin print server software products that provide print spooling and queue management independent of a general network server **408**. For example, a preferred implementation of the printer server module **616** is the Hewlett Packard JetDirect 4000 Print Appliance.

Therefore, a preferred implementation of the network print appliance **402** includes the Hewlett Packard JetDirect 4000 Print Appliance executing the printer server module **616** along with a pre-installed version of the Hewlett Packard Web JetAdmin software product modified to, **(1)** support only the operating system **614**

on the network print appliance **402**, and (2) create shared network print objects **620** only on the network print appliance **402** itself, and not on any general-purpose network server **408** or computer **404**. The network print appliance **402** thus combines both thin print server functionality with network printer administration functionality, while retaining the small, lightweight, cost saving, characteristics common with most thin servers. This, and the minimal configuration required by the network print appliance **402**, make it easy to move and install practically anywhere on the network without affecting any other servers on the network.

Exemplary Method of Operation for a Network Print Appliance

Having introduced the network print appliance **402** in an exemplary operating environment, an example method of operation will be presented with primary reference to **Fig. 7**. **Fig. 7** is a flowchart illustrating the general operation of the network print appliance **402**.

Beginning at operation **700**, a network administrator executes a Web browser on a network computer **404**. As indicated throughout this description, a network computer **404** may be any general purpose computing device such as a desktop, laptop, palmtop, Macintosh or workstation computer, or a network file server. At operation **702**, the administrator accesses the network print appliance **402** to begin management of network printers through execution of a printer administration software module **618** at operation **704**. The administrator can then initiate the creation of shared network print objects **620** at operation **706** using the network print appliance **402**. At operation **708** the network print appliance **402** discovers print devices **410** that are connected to the network and can create shared network print objects **620** on the network print appliance **402** by installing

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